

City: Ahmadabad
State: Gujarat

Category: Business & Industry, Tier 2

Ahmedabad is the largest city in Gujarat, and the administrative capital of Ahmedabad district. It serves as the seat of Gujarat High Court and is the seventh largest metropolitan area in India. Ahmedabad is an important economic and industrial hub and is reported to be one of the fastest growing cities of the decade (Forbe's 2010). Textile, pharmaceuticals and automobile are the most prominent industries based in and around Ahmedabad. In addition, there has been significant advancement of the IT sector as well, as the many prestigious higher-education institutes in the city continue to attract a large pool of highly skilled young professionals. There are currently four SEZ's in the city region, with another three new industrial estates in the planning, by the Gujarat Industrial Development Corporation (GIDC). In terms of transport infrastructure, Ahmedabad has a successful BRT system in operation, and a proposed metro-rail set to open in 2018.

1. Demographic Profile

Indicator	City (Municipal Corporation)	State (Urban)	India (Urban)
Total Population	5577940	25745083	377,106,125
Total Population of UA (if)	6357693		
Share of ULB population in District Urban population (%)	92.00		
Population Growth Rate (AEGR) 2001-11	4.60	3.07	2.76
Area (sq. km)*	468.92		
Share of ULB area in district (%)* #	5.78		
Density of population (person per sq. km)*	11895		
Literacy Rate (%)	88.29	86.31	84.11
Schedule Caste (%)	10.66	6.96	12.60
Schedule Tribes (%)	1.20	3.48	2.77
Youth, 15 - 24 years (%)	19.26	19.85	19.68
Slum Population (%)	4.49	14.92	17.36
Working Age Group, 15-59 years (%)	66.78	66.31	65.27

Source: Census of India, 2011

* District Census Handbook, Census of India, 2011

The ULB is spread in more than one district

2. Economic Profile

Indicator	City (Municipal Corporation)	State (Urban)	India (Urban)
Per Capita Income (Rs.) at 2004-05 constant price *	NA	48301	Rs. 35, 947 ^a
Urban Poverty Ratio (% of urban population)**	6.64	10.2	13.7
Unemployment Rate, 2011-12***	0.86	0.8	3.4
Work Participation Rate, 2011-12***	37.06	38.4	35.5
Work Status, 2011-12 (%) ***			
Self-employed:	50.56	41.6	42.0
Regular/wage salaried employees:	45.65	49.6	43.4
Casual labour:	3.80	8.9	14.6
Sectoral Distribution of Workers, 2011-12 (%) ***			
Primary	1.94	4.8	7.5
Secondary	47.76	48.7	34.2
Tertiary	50.30	46.4	58.3
Workers Classified by Major Occupation, 2011-12(%) ***			
Legislators, senior officials and managers	15.93	15.7	15.8
Professionals	4.72	4.0	8.8

Technicians and associate professionals	6.39	6.0	6.7
Clerks	5.98	4.2	5.0
Service workers and shop and market sales workers	17.25	15.0	14.7
Skilled agricultural and fishery workers	0.73	2.5	4.6
Craft and related trades workers	22.32	19.0	19.2
Plant and machine operators and assemblers	19.33	19.6	9.2
Elementary occupations	7.36	14.0	16.1
Workers not classified by occupation	0.00	0.0	0.1
Primary Commodity Manufactured [#]	Cotton Cloth Chemicals Medicines		
Major Industries ^{##}	Automobile, Bicycle and its parts Machinery, Machine tools and its parts Textile Pharmaceuticals & bulk Drugs		
No. of sanctioned SEZ	7	38	413

Note: 3 year average of 2009-10, 2010-11 and 2011-12

Source: * Directorate of Economics and Statistics of respective State Governments and for all India- Central Statistics Office

**Unit Level Data of National Sample Survey Organization, Household Consumer Expenditure in India, 68th Round, 2011-12

***Unit Level Data of National Sample Survey Organization, Employment and Unemployment Situation in India, 68th Round, 2011-12

[#]District Census Handbook, Census of India, 2011

^{##}District Industrial Profile, Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises, Government of India

[∞] Department of Commerce, Ministry of Commerce and Industry

3. Infrastructure Status

Indicator	City (Municipal Corporation)	State (Urban)	India (Urban)
% of households with access to tap water (from treated source) within Premises	80.12	68.78	84.14
% of households with access to electricity	98.56	97.19	92.68
% of households having toilet facilities within premises	92.42	85.17	72.57
% of household Waste water outlet connected to drainage	93.10	82.64	81.77
Type of sewerage system*	Underground sewerage system		
Type of solid Waste system*	Door to Door		
% of households with access to computer/laptop with internet	10.32	6.38	8.27
% of households with access to computer/laptop without internet	11.41	9.25	10.40
% of households with access to mobile phones	62.51	65.92	64.33
Ownership Pattern of Housing (%)			
Owned	77.39	72.52	69.16
Rented	20.57	24.28	27.55
% of households living in congested houses	36.42	35.79	32.94
Indicator	City (Municipal Corporation)		
No. of Hospitals per 1,00,000 people *	0.09		
No of Schools per 1,00,000 people			
Primary	24		
Middle	NA		
Secondary	9		

College	2
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Source: Tables of Houses, Household Amenities and Assets, Census of India, 2011

* District Census Handbook, Census of India, 2011

4. Political Profile: Leadership and Administrative Structure

<p><u>Architecture of Governance</u> <i>Structure of Elected and Executive Bodies. Give indication of hierarchies</i></p>	<p>The Ahmedabad Municipal Corporation (AMC) is headed by a Municipal commissioner, appointed by the government of Gujarat. He is the administrative head. The city is at present divided into six zones namely, central, east, west, north, south and new west zone. Each zone is further split into nine wards. There are 64 wards. Each ward is represented by 3 Corporators. An election is held to elect Corporators to after every 5 years. The mayor heads the party with the largest number of Corporators elected.</p> <p>The AMC is responsible for certain obligatory and discretionary services such as supply of portable water, sewerage, solid waste management, primary education services, health and medical services, street lighting, construction or acquisition of public markets, slaughter houses, and cattle pounds, fire services etc. AMC has 58 city centers across the city to facilitate delivery of municipal services to its citizen.</p> <p>The Water Operation (electrical and mechanical) Department looks after operation and maintenance of different water distribution stations and borewell located in different wards of the city. The main functions of the department are: water supply to the citizen, operation and maintenance (O&M) of water distribution stations, O&M of borewells, SITC work of electrical & mechanical equipments for new water distribution stations constructed by the water project department, construction of new bore wells, augmentation & energy efficiency works related to water distribution stations & bore wells, energy audit.</p> <p>The Ahmedabad Urban Development Authority (AUDA) is responsible for overseeing and sanctioning construction and infrastructure development across the suburbs of the city of Ahmadabad. The prime objective of the AUDA's formation was to carry out the planned development of the area falling outside the periphery of Ahmedabad Municipal Corporation. Recently the area of working of AUDA has been limited due to merger of 18 Gram Panchanyats of Ahmedabad district with the Ahmedabad Municipal Corporation. AUDA completed many works in the metro region of Ahmedabad. The development authority is coming up with a state-of-the-art office on Ashram Road, Ahmadabad.</p>
No of elected representatives	64
<p><u>Election Details*</u> <i>Election cycle, last election, Name, party affiliation where relevant, date office taken for: chief minister, commissioner, and mayor.</i></p>	<p>Mrs. Anandiben Patel from Bharatiya Janata Party is the Chief Minister of Gujarat. She was elected on 22/05/2014. The Commissioner is Mrs. D. Thara since October 2014. The council is headed by Mayor Mrs. Meenaxi Patel of BJP, elected in May 2013. The municipal elections were held in the year 2015.</p>

Source:*Respective ULB website and Media Search

5. Performance of Urban Local Body (ULB)

Credit and Tax

Credit Rating of ULBs (As on Nov 2012)*	A+
Property Tax #	Coverage (%): 97% Collection Efficiency (%): 92% Amount(Rs.): Rs. 321.53 crore (2012-13)

Source: *www.jnnum.nic.in

#Reform Appraisal Report, JNNURM, Ministry of Urban Development, Government of India

E-governance & Computerization in ULB

Reform	Status (implemented, in progress and any comment)
Property Tax*	Implemented
Accounting*	Implemented
Water Supply & Other Utilities*	Implemented
Birth & Death Registration and Health programmes*	Implemented
Citizens' Grievance Monitoring*	Implemented
Personnel Management System*	Implemented
Building Plan Approval*	Implemented
e-Procurement*	Implemented
Can Citizens pay their bills and Taxes at citizen facilitation centre (CFC)?#	Only on CFC
Does ULB has facility to Accept Online Payments#	Yes
What is the E-mail Software being used in the ULB#	NIC
Are ULB offices connected with each other through local area network (LAN)/ wide area network (WAN) #	Yes
Do you have access to State Data Centre (SDC)? #	No
Does the ULB have their own website#	Yes - http://ahmedabadcity.gov.in/
Implementation of 74th CAA#	1 function is yet to be transferred. Urban forestry, protection of environment and ecology

Note:* Modules of e-governance implemented in ULB

Source: * Reform Appraisal Report, JNNURM, Ministry of Urban Development, Government of India and respective ULB's website

#Information and Services Need Assessment (ISNA) Study for Urban Local Bodies, Ministry of Urban Development, Government of India, 2012

Recognition

List any national or international recognition such as awards, pilots, horizontal networks.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Member of ICLEI • IUSF National Award for Innovations in servicing the needs of the Urban Poor • UITP Finalist – Public Transport Strategy 2015 • Nagar Ratna Award – Best Run Organization, 2011 • UN-Habitat Dubai Best Practices Award 2006
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6. Finance & Health**Financial**

Indicator	City (Municipal Corporation)	State (Urban)	India (Urban)
% of households with access to banking facilities *	70.97	66.09	67.77

Financial Status#		
Details of municipal income and expenditure (Rs. Lakhs)	Income	Expenditure
2009-10	161600.00	115500.00
2010-11	189900.00	132200.00
2011-12	223900.00	160600.00
% of municipal Budget reserved for urban poor@	NA	

Source: * Tables of Houses, Household Amenities and Assets, Census of India, 2011

#Information and Services Need Assessment (ISNA) Study for Urban Local Bodies, Ministry of Urban Development, Government of India, 2012

@ Reform Appraisal Report, JNNURM, Ministry of Urban Development, Government of India

Environmental

Swachh Bharat ranking *	79
Comprehensive Environmental Assessment for available cities#	75.28

Source: *Press Information Bureau , Ministry of Urban Development, Government of India, 2015
 #Central Pollution Control Board, Ministry of Environment and Forests, Government of India, 2009

7. Capacity: Track Record & Initiatives

<u>JNNURM Projects</u>	<u>Status or Comment</u>			
BSUP/IHSDP	Under BSUP scheme, total of 5 projects (1 for infrastructure and 4 for housing) were sanctioned under BSUP of which 2 projects are completed. The total project cost was Rs 567.40 crores. The share of housing project is 99% (Rs. 563.67 crores) and share of infrastructure project is 1% (Rs.3.73 crores). Out of 4 housing projects 2 projects are complete, whereas the 2 projects on housing and 1 on infrastructure are under progress. Construction of 99.9% of the dwelling unit is complete.			
UIG/UISSMT	UIG: Total 31 projects were approved out of which 22 projects have been completed. Total 4 projects are in progress and 5 projects have not been initiated.			
<i>Total Approved Cost of projects (Rs.Lakhs)</i>	257380.14			
<i>Sectorwise details of projects</i>	Sector	No of Projects	Total Cost (Rs Lakhs)	Share of sector in total projects approved
	Water	6	28961.12	11.3
	Drainage/ SWD	3	34842.84	13.5
	Sewerage	7	56475.77	21.9
	SWM	1	11672.1	4.5
	Transport	13	117989.3	45.8
	Heritage	1	7439	2.9
	Parking	NA	NA	NA
	Others	NA	NA	NA
<i>Share of Central Assistance released (%)</i>	85.49			
<i>% of work completed (Physical Progress)</i>	27			
<i>Funds Utilised (%)</i>	90.16			

Source: www.jnnurm.nic.in (accessed on November, 2015)

<u>Alignment with MoUD Schemes</u>	<u>Status, Comment</u>
Heritage City Development and Augmentation Yojana (HRIDAY)	NA
AMRUT	City is covered under AMRUT Mission. The State Annual Action Plan has been submitted.
JNNURM	City was covered under UIG component of JNNURM
NUIS	NA
North Eastern Region Urban Development Programme (NERUDP)	NA

Source: Ministry of Urban Development, Government of India